



Advancing Cancer Health Equity through Strategic Community-Engagement: Designing Population and Implementation Research that Matters

Tabia Henry Akintobi, PhD, MPHProfessor, Community Health and Preventive MedicineAssociate Dean, Community EngagementDirector, Prevention Research CenterWe are on a mission.

It Must Be Our Mission

Morehouse School of Medicine Mission Statement

We exist to:

- Improve the health and well-being of individuals and communities
- Increase the diversity of the health professional and scientific workforce
- Address primary health care through programs in education, research, and service

With emphasis on people of color and the underserved urban and rural populations in Georgia, the nation, and the world.

Morehouse School of Medicine Vision Statement *Leading the creation and advancement of health equity* We Need: >Innovative Research >Compassionate & Culturally Competent Care >Service to the Underserved >Primary Care Professionals >THE COMMUNITY ENGAGED



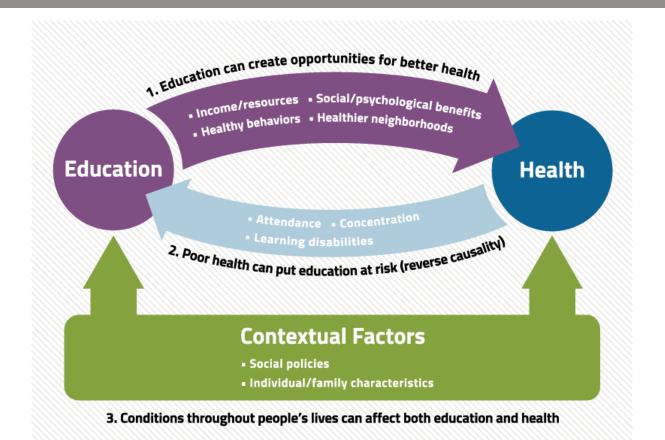


Health Disparity Populations

- NIH-designated U.S. health disparity populations include:
 - Blacks/African Americans, Hispanics/Latinos, American
 Indians/Alaska Natives, Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians and other
 Pacific Islanders
 - Socioeconomically disadvantaged populations
 - Underserved rural populations
 - Sexual and gender minorities

Source: https://www.nimhd.nih.gov/about/overview/index.html







PREVENTION RESEARCH CENTERS PROGRAM

Building Healthier Communities



Network of University Research Centers

Morehouse School of Medicine Prevention Research Center

Theme: Risk Reduction and Early Detection in African American and Other Minority Communities: Coalition for Prevention Research

Goal: To implement community-engaged, evidence-based strategies in response to obstinate and emerging health disparities/inequities thereby advancing applied public health prevention and health equity in the State of Georgia.



Morehouse School of Medicine Prevention Research Center

Mission:

1) To conduct interdisciplinary community-based applied public health prevention research with African American and other minority and health disparity populations experiencing persistent health disparities, 2) train underrepresented community-based researchers and public health practitioners and 3) demonstrate the value of community coalitions in conducting research.



MSM PRC Community Coalition Board (CCB): Local History, National and Global Reach

Demonstrate the value of community governance (vs. advisory) boards

Composition

- Community Residents (majority in #, all leadership seats, weighted votes)
- Academic Institution Representatives
- Agencies
- Function



- Policy-making body
- Identifies health priorities and approves projects
- Sets policies and oversees research infrastructure & operations
- Provides information on research activities to organizations and agencies
- Ensures clear benefits of community-engaged research
- Establishes or sustains trust with community











Comparison of CBPR Principles and MSM PRC-Developed Community Values

CBPR Principle	MSM PRC Community Value
Recognizes community as a unit identity	The community has the right to self-determination
Facilitates collaborative partnership in all phases of the research	Community partners involved in analysis and interpretation of data and dissemination of results

Sources: Israel, B. A. et. al., 2001; Wallerstein & Duran, 2010; Blumenthal, 2006; 2010



Comparison of CBPR Principles and MSM PRC-Developed Community Values

CBPR Principle	MSM PRC Community Value
Integrates knowledge and action for mutual benefit of all partners	 Research processes and outcomes benefit the community Community equal partner at every level Policies and programs based on mutual respect and justice
Promotes a co-learning and empowering process that attends to social inequalities	Community is empowered to initiate community-based research

Sources: Israel, B. A. et. al., 2001; Wallerstein & Duran, 2010; Blumenthal, 2006; 2010

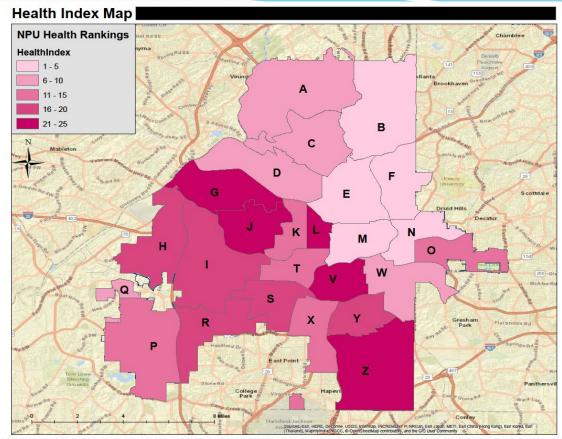


Comparison of CBPR Principles and MSM PRC-Developed Community Values

CBPR Principle	MSM PRC Community Value
Addresses health from both positive and ecological perspectives	Socially, culturally, environmental sensitive research and application
Involves a long-term commitment by all partners	Partnerships to last beyond funded research

Sources: Israel, B. A. et. al., 2001; Wallerstein & Duran, 2010; Blumenthal, 2006; 2010







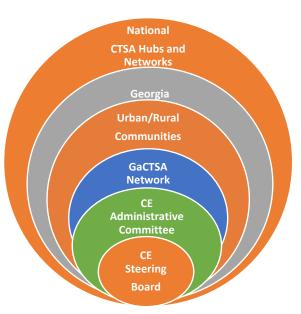
Georgia Institute of Technology. (2015). Atlanta's Neighborhood Quality of Life & Health Project. Retrieved from http://cspav.gatech.edu/NQOLH/NH_Index/

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Georgia CTSA Community Engagement Program

MOREHOUSE

 Advance the art, science and practice of community-engaged clinical and translational (CTR) research that is broadly disseminated to and adapted in **communities** of residents/patients, research and practice towards improved population health



Georgia Institute



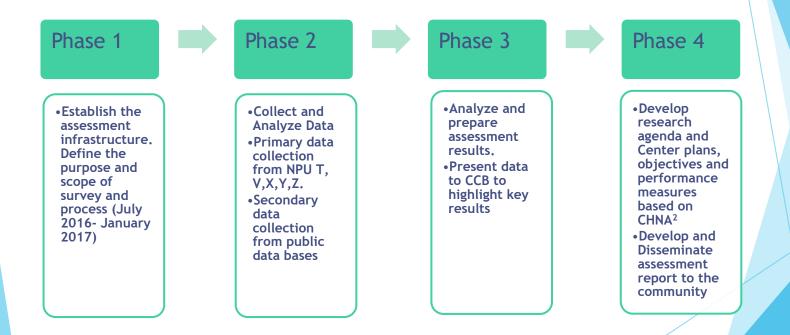
Georgia Clinical & Translational Science Alliance

UNIVERSITY OF

ANSW PR Community Health Needs & Assets Assessment



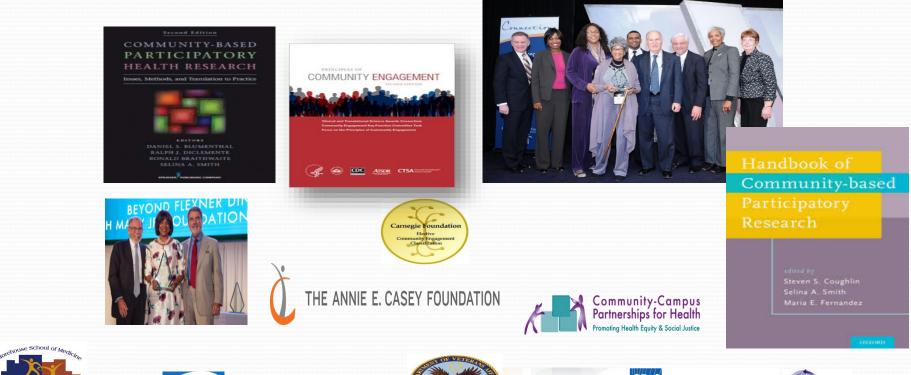
Phases for Implementation



What are the causes of the health issues you care about?



MSM PRC National Recognitions, Contributions and Partnerships





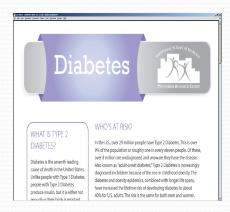


National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities



Community-Ro

Communication & Dissemination Strategies



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Community Meeting Attendance



Engagement with Local Policy Makers

Research Development and Dissemination Group



Making Great Strides in Fulfilling its Mission

Following a competitive national renewal application process, the Morehouse School of Medicine Prevention Research Center (PRC) successfully began its third cycle of research infrastructure funding from the Centers for Disease and Prevention (2014-2019), making the sele Center in the State of Georgia.

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The initiatives detailed above are just a few examples of the Center's current effects. They are well-aligned with the Monthouse School of Modicine's mission acading in the Creation and Advancement of Health Equily. This mission requires an expanded village working in step to reclust explore but to understand health dispartice. This village

Scholarly Publications www.msm.edu/prc



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Inaugural Ella H. Trammell Award for Outstanding Community Service Award







• "Research is good, but what do you do with the research after you get it?"

- Ella Heard Trammell

Retired Chair, Morehouse School of Medicine Prevention Research Center Community Coalition Board





LEADING THE CREATION AND ADVANCEMENT OF HEALTH EQUITY

The Education Program to Increase Colorectal Cancer Screening (EPICS)



References

- Blumenthal, D. S., S. A. Smith, C. D. Majett, and E. Alema-Mensah. 2010. "A Trial of Three Interventions to Promote Colorectal Cancer Screening in African Americans." *Cancer* 116 (4): 922-29.
- Smith, S. A., L. Johnson, D. Wesley, K. B. Turner, G. McCray, J. Sheats, and D. Blumenthal. 2012. "Translation to Practice of an Intervention to Promote Colorectal Cancer Screening among African Americans." *Clinical and Translational Science* 5 (5): 412-15.
- Smith, S. A., and D. S. Blumenthal. 2013. "Efficacy to Effectiveness Transition of an Educational Program to Increase Colorectal Cancer Screening (EPICS): Study Protocol of a Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial." *Implementation Science* 8:86.

We are on a mission.



Outcomes: We Must Decide What We Care About ...and Measure It

Intermediate

- Improved Power Relations through Research/Knowledge/Communication Democracy
- Cultural Reinforcement/Revitalization
- Growth in Individual Partner & Agency Capacities
- Research Productivity: Research Outcomes, Papers, Grant Applications and Awards

Source: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324162586_Impact_of_Participatory_Health_ Research_A_Test_of_the_Community-Based_Participatory_Research_Conceptual_Model



Outcomes: We Must Decide What We Care About ...and Measure It

- Long-Term Outcomes
- Community/Social Transformation: Policies and Conditions
- Improved Health/Health Equity



Source: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324162586_Impact_of_Participatory_Health_ Research_A_Test_of_the_Community-Based_Participatory_Research_Conceptual_Model



CCB Perspectives

MSM PRC:

- Offers support for community priorities which are broader than a single research project
- Works with CBOs on establishing evaluation processes of community initiatives
- Trains and hires community health workers (residents living and leading in neighborhoods)





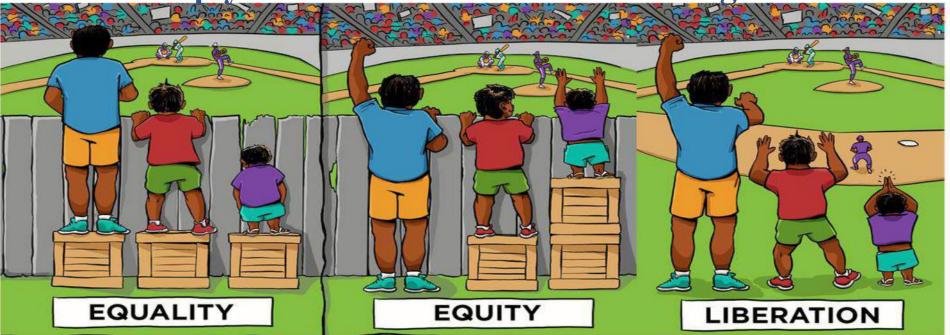
• "No one should die because they can't afford to live ..."

- Darrell Sabbs, Georgia CTSA Community Steering Board Member, Phoebe Putney Hospital, Albany, Georgia



LEADING THE CREATION AND ADVANCEMENT OF HEALTH EQUITY

Simply Put....Take Me Out to the Ballgame





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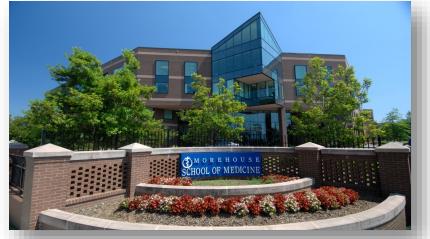
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